UNITED
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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23030
11 September 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC

LETTER DATED 10 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF IRAQ TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

On instructions from my Government, I have the honour to inform you of fresh occurrences of Iranian violations of the cease-fire between the two countries, as follows:

1. At 0130 hours on 16 August 1991, the Iranian side opened fire on the positions of the Iraqi forward units at the Tariq control post at geographical coordinates 1947 in the central sector. At the same time, three to four persons from the Iranian side tried to approach the positions of the Iraqi units in the Ayn al-Abd area at geographical coordinates 2347 in the same sector (map of Sheikh Sa'd). At 1635 hours on the same day, the Iranian side opened fire from the Iranian Shukr control post at geographical coordinates 538236 in the Qasr-e-Shirin area in the direction of the Iraqi Yathrib control post at geographical coordinates 558236 in the central sector.

2. At 1130 hours on 27 August 1991, an Iranian military helicopter violated Iraqi airspace in the central sector to a depth of 2 kilometres and at an altitude of 1,000 metres.

3. At 1918 hours on 31 August 1991, an Iranian helicopter was observed coming from Iranian airspace in the direction of the Salaf al-Turabah area inside Iraqi territory at geographical coordinates 4086 in the southern sector (map of Baydah). It then flew back deep into Iranian airspace.

4. The Iranian forces removed the frontier mark at geographical coordinates 0558 in the Shawarish area in the Hajj Umran sector, northern Iraq, and set up barbed wire nearby.

5. The Iranian side created a control point manned by an infantry platoon in Iraqi territory at a depth of 1 kilometre from the old customs building at geographical coordinates 0675 in the above-mentioned sector.

6. During the period from 15 to 25 March 1991, the Iranian side set up posts, each manned with an infantry platoon, inside Iraqi territory at geographical coordinates 505497, 542423 and 592370 in the central sector (map of Mandali).

READEX FICHE

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Abdul Amir A. AL-ANBARI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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Security Council

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S/23031
12 September 1991
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NOTE VERBALE DATED 10 SEPTEMBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF LUXEMBOURG TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The Permanent Representative of Luxembourg to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General and, with reference to the latter's note of 3 July 1991 requesting information, in pursuance of paragraph 4 of resolution 700 (1991) on national measures taken to implement the arms embargo against Iraq, has the honour to inform him that on 6 August 1991 a regulation of the Grand Duchy was adopted strictly prohibiting all financial and commercial transactions with Iraq.

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S/23032
12 September 1991
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NOTE BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

At the 3007th meeting of the Security Council, held on 12 September 1991, in connection with the Council's consideration of the item "Admission of new Members", the President of the Security Council made the following statement on behalf of the members:

I indeed appreciate the honour bestowed on me, as President of the Security Council, to say on behalf of all its members how pleased the Council is to recommend to the General Assembly that it admit the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania to membership in the United Nations.

It is a pleasure, but it is also a serious matter, for this is a solemn decision of great symbolic and historic importance that the Security Council is taking. The wheels of history have been turning. The winds of freedom have been blowing down old structures. We are entering a world where perhaps there is less order, but where there is ever more hope.

The independence of the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Latvia and the Republic of Lithuania was regained peacefully, by means of dialogue, with the consent of the parties concerned, and in accordance with the wishes and aspirations of the three peoples. We can only welcome this development, which obviously represents progress in respecting the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and in attaining its objectives.

To the representatives of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, I should like to say "Welcome". The Security Council unanimously took the view that your States meet the conditions laid down in rule 60 for the admission of Members, namely, that they should be "peace-loving" and "able and willing to carry out the obligations contained in the Charter".

I am confident that as new Members of the United Nations, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania will make a constructive contribution to the efforts to promote and uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter.

It is now for the General Assembly to ratify the judgement of the Security Council and to enable you rightfully to regain your place within the community of nations. Thus this forty-sixth session will see the United Nations, with 166 Members, progress towards the universality that is one of its fundamental principles.